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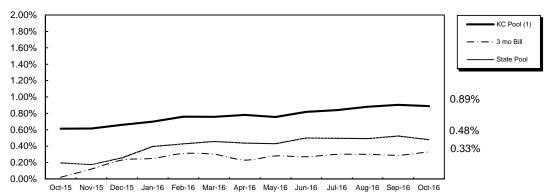
Portfolio Breakdown

The following is a breakdown of the Investment Pool holdings for October 2016

	` <u> </u>	Average (\$000)	% of Portfolio
U.S. Agency Securities		1,521,114	25.2%
Commercial Paper		383,648	6.3%
Taxable Municipal Securities		-	0.0%
Bankers Acceptances		-	0.0%
Bank Corporate Notes		1,049,479	17.4%
U.S. Agency Mortgage-backed Securities		5,914	0.1%
Repurchase Agreements (Repos)		214,677	3.6%
Treasury Securities		2,236,986	37.0%
Certificates of Deposit & Overnight Deposits		-	0.0%
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)		633,678	10.5%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements		-	0.0%
Total		\$6,045,495	100%

^{*}Average Pool Effective Duration: 0.98 Years
*Duration is a better measure of interest rate sensitivity than average portfolio maturity.

Investment Pool Performance (before Pool fees)



(1) King County pool distribution rate has not been adjusted for realized losses (or recoveries) from impaired commercial paper investments.

Pool Net Asset Fair Value on October 31, 2016

Net Assets (2)	\$7,319,242,128.93
Net Assets Consist of: Participant units outstanding (\$1.00 par) Undistributed and unrealized gains(losses) Net Assets	\$7,312,002,793.93 \$7,239,335.00 \$7,319,242,128.93
Net asset value at fair value price per share (\$7,319,242,128.93 divided by \$7,312,002,793.93 units)	<u>\$1.0010</u>

(2) Excludes impaired assets that have been separated into a separate pool.

Investment Pool Comments:

Asset Allocation: The pool held 62% of its assets in highly-rated U.S. government securities during October. The large inflow of property tax receipts occurring during October caused the amount the pool held in short-term investments like commercial paper, repos, and the LGIP to increase during the month. The pool's allocation to bank notes and to agencies declined slightly last month. The decline in bank note holdings was necessitated by the more restrictive policy that the Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) adopted in September, and the pool's agency holdings declined because they became more expensive relative to U.S. Treasury notes.

Pool Asset Size & Return: The pool's balance grew by \$1.4 billion from September's level due to incoming property tax payments. At the end of October the pool's balance reached \$7.3 billion which is a new record! The pool's distribution yield came in at 0.89%, which was just 1 basis point less that the prior month's rate of 0.90%.

Market Value & Duration: Bond yields increased during October with rates rising by 10 to 26 basis points in the 2 to 5 year portion of the yield curve. This resulted in the pool's unrealized gain decreasing to \$7.2 million. As expected, the Fed decided not to raise interest rates at their November meeting. The markets have priced in an 92% probability that they will raise rates by 25 basis points at their meeting on December 14. With the prospect of a rate increase in the near future, the pool's duration has been maintained just under the one year mark.

We remain committed to sharing information with pool members, so if you have any questions, email us at investment.pool@kingcounty.gov.



Impaired Pool Holdings Report 10/31/2016

Commercial Paper Issuer	Status	Current Book Value	Estimated Fair Value	Fair Value Adjustment
Cheyne Finance (1)	Restructured	787,502.14	507,750.00	279,752.14
Rhinebridge (1)	Restructured	84,407.60	84,407.60	-
VFNC Trust/Victoria Finance (2)	Restructured	8,818,440.47	5,391,063.00	3,427,377.47
	Total	9,690,350.21	5,983,220.60	3,707,129.61

Fair Value Ratio 0.6174

Impaired Pool Comments:

The majority of the amount remaining in the impaired pool is associated with VFNC Trust (Victoria). VFNC Trust continues to make monthly cash distributions. The monthly distribution for October totaled \$180,413.36. Including all receipts to date, brings the cash recovery rate on the original Victoria investment to 83%. Monthly distributions will continue for as long as the underlying securities in the trust continue to pay, and we expect the monthly distributions to continue for at least 5 years.

We do not foresee distributing any realized losses until it is apparent that no further cash flows will be forthcoming. The market for this type of asset is illiquid and accurate pricing is difficult to obtain. Adding the cash recoveries through October to the last estimated price (52.1) for the VFNC Trust security results in an estimated recovery rate to senior investors of about 94%, but the actual recovery rate will depend on the size and duration of the future monthly cash distributions from VFNC Trust. At the time of Victoria's restructuring the County's financial advisory estimated that by participating in the exchange offer that the overall recovery rate could be between 50 to 76 percent, and potentially higher.

The County settled all lawsuits involving the securities held in the impaired pool, and all the parties involved in these lawsuits have reached a mutually acceptable resolution by way of a negotiated settlement that will avoid protracted litigation, there was no admission of liability, and all sides are satisfied with this resolution

The King County Executive Finance Committee approved bifurcation of the investment pool as of September 1, 2008. This separated the impaired investments into their own pool distinct pool from the main pool of performing investments. The reasons for bifurcating the pool were to: (1) ensure the yield on the performing assets is not negatively impacted by the impaired investments; (2) enhance transparency about the value of the performing pool and the impaired pool; (3) ease the implementation of the restructuring processes for the impaired investments; and (4) expedite the restoration of the Standard & Poor's rating for the performing pool.

Within the impaired pool, future "tail" payments from Cheyne and Rhinebridge are still possible. Rhinebridge made a payment on 5//27/16 and we expect them to make just one more small payment by the end of 2016. When we determine that no further payments are probable from these impaired securities, any remaining unrealized losses will be distributed.

⁽¹⁾ These amounts are related to cash that was retained for DTC indemnifications and other reserves. It could be sometime in 2016 before these "tail" amounts are returned to investors, and it is possible that the amount recovered may be less than the estimate.

⁽²⁾ Victoria Finance's restructuring was completed during September 2009. The name of the restructured entity is VFNC Trust, and the new entity will continue to make monthly principal and interest payments. The Estimated Fair Value amount is based on market prices of the underlying securities that are held by VFNC Trust. These prices are provided by the Collateral Agent and the County expects to recover more than this estimated price by receiving regular monthly payments over the coming years.